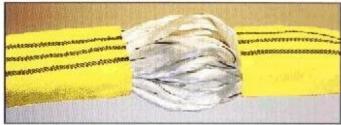
MANUFACTURED TO BS EN 1492-2: 2000 ROUNDSLINGS, MADE OF MAN MADE FIBRES, FOR GENERAL PURPOSE USE INCLUDES: Scope, Terms & Definitions, Hazards, Safety Requirements, Testing, Marking, Safe use.

ROUNDSLINGS

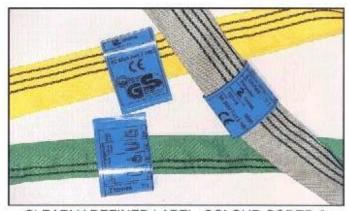
Roundslings are manufactured from high tenacity 100% Polyester fibre. The load bearing fibres are wound together to form an endless hank. The working load limit is determined by the number of turns in the hank.

The hank is then protected by a Polyester, non load bearing, seamless cover. This protects and consolidates the load bearing fibres and internal damage to these fibres is virtually impossible without first damaging the outer cover.

All slings are individually labelled stating sling number, material, length, date of manufacture and other relevant safety information.



PROTECTIVE COVER AND LOAD BEARING FIBRE



CLEARLY DEFINED LABEL, COLOUR CODED & STRIPPED FOR THE RELEVANT W.L.L.







ADVANTAGES

High strength to weight ratio
Light and flexible
Ability to absorb shock loads
Does not damage delicate and
painted surfaces
Flattens under load
Twist or kink resistant
Unaffected by grease and oils
No risk of injury to operator
Ideal for choke application
Wears evenly along the length
Load bearing fibres protected

from the load, giving greater

Low Extension

resistance to wear

SAFETY REQUIRES PERMANENT SUPERVISION

We recommend the following procedure:

- 1. Lay the sling on a flat surface in a well-lit area.
- Examine sling throughout its length on both sides for cuts or any other damage to the outer cover, stitching, coupling components or fittings.
- When not in use slings should be stored in clean, dry and well ventilated conditions at ambient temperature and on a rack away from contact with chemicals.
- If the outer cover is damaged always check to ensure the load bearing fibres are intact.
- Roundslings can be repaired when damage is restricted to the cover. Return to us for a fully certified and speedy repair service.